# Design of H-Shaped Microstrip Hybrid Patch Antenna for C-Band Applications

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Abstract—In this paper, a compact size microstrip hybrid Patch Antenna is designed and analyzed. The bandwidth enhancement of microstrip patch [MSP] is done by rectangular slotted technique. The designed antenna may be used to reduce return loss and increase the bandwidth. The gain has been improved up to 8.72897 dBi, directivity 11.4703 dBi. The proposed rectangular slotted MSP antenna is used for C-band operations. Study of literature of past few year shows that, the leading work on MSP is focused on designing compact sized broadband microstrip antenna. But inherently MSP have narrow bandwidth so to enhance bandwidth various techniques are engaged. The proposed antenna is simulated using ADS 2009 simulation software based on Momentum and EMDS. The antenna is fed by 50Ω microstrip line feed.

Keywords—Ground plane, Microstrip patch [MSP], Enhance bandwidth, ADS 2009 Simulator, Microstrip line feed.

#### I. Introduction

Microstrip antenna [1] consists of a radiating patch on one side of a dielectric substrate and a ground plane on the other side. The major disadvantages of Microstrip antennas are lower gain and very narrow bandwidth [2, 3]. It consists of dielectric substrate, with ground plane on the other side.

In this paper, the purpose of a new designed antenna present to enhance the bandwidth of microstrip hybrid patch antenna for many wideband applications [4], [7]. The major drawbacks of MSP antennas are narrow bandwidth and low gain. They may use many techniques to enhance bandwidth and gain of MSP antennas. By using thick substrate with low dielectric constant and slotted patch can enhance the bandwidth and gain of antennas up to greater extent [5].

The MSP antenna has good features such as low cost, low profile, light weight, high efficiency, easy to implement with circuits [2], [5], [6]. The design structure components of antenna will become small in size and have low processing cost [3].

In this letter, transmission line method is used to analysis the Hybrid Multiband Patch antenna. The design resonated frequency of proposed MSHP antenna is 5 GHz (C-band) with  $50\Omega$  microstrip line feed. The proposed MSHP antenna is characterized by using thickness (h), dielectric constant ( $\varepsilon_r$ ). The designed MSHP antenna can be simulated by ADS 2009 Simulation Software. The performance of the designed MSHP antenna can be analyzed by radiation pattern, return loss, directivity, VSWR and gain.

### II. PROPOSED SUBSTRATE DESIGN

#### A. Antenna Dimensions

The mathematical formula is used to calculate the dimensions of ground plane and microstrip patch in the form of length and width. Here, we use the rectangular tri-slotted technique for improve the bandwidth and reduce the return loss of the MSP antenna. Using the new concept of multidielectric substrate, the return losses are minimized while comparing with the ordinary MSP antenna. The proposed antenna is fed by  $50\Omega$  microstrip line feed.

For design purpose, the antenna can be simulated by ADS 2009 software. We take RT-duroid substrate with resonated frequency as 5 GHz and dielectric constant  $\varepsilon_r = 2.2$  (Single Layer Substrate). The height between the patch and ground is taken as 1.524 mm.

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(i) Width of Rectangular MSP Antenna [8], [9]

Where  $c=3*10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ,  $\epsilon_r=4.2$ 

(ii) Effective Dielectric Constant [9], [10]
$$\epsilon_{eff} = \left(\frac{\epsilon_r + 1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{\epsilon_r - 1}{2}\right) \left[1 + \frac{12H}{W}\right]^{-0.5} - \dots (2)$$
H=1.6 mm

(iii) Length Extension of Antenna [8], [9]
$$\Delta L = 0.412H \left( \frac{\epsilon_{eff} + 0.3}{\epsilon_{eff} - 0.258} \right) \left[ \frac{\binom{W}{H} + 0.264}{\binom{W}{H} + 0.8} \right] - \dots (3)$$
(iv) Length of Rectangular MSP Antenna [4], [11]

$$L = \left(\frac{c}{2f_r \sqrt{\epsilon_{eff}}}\right) - 2\Delta L - (4)$$

## B. Antenna Design Specification

Calculated dimensions of ground plane is constructed by using the resonant frequency( $f_r$ ), dielectric constant( $\varepsilon_r$ ), substrate thickness(H) and loss tangent(tan  $\delta$ ) and  $50\Omega$  microstrip line feed is fed into patch. Calculated dimensions are obtained by formula and compact rectangular tri-slotting is done on the rectangular patch.

TABLE I: Antenna Design Specifications

Antenna Parameters	Data
Resonant Frequency(f <sub>r</sub> )	5 GHz
Substrate thickness(H)	1.524 mm
Dielectric Constant (ε <sub>r</sub> )	2.2

#### C. Antenna Design Procedure

Using the above equations and geometrical parameters, dimensions of antenna is calculated. In the design of antennas is constructed by using dimensions after that slots cut in to the microstrip patch.

Table II: Calculated Antenna Dimensions in mm

S.No	Parameters	Value
1.	Ground Plane width, Wg	26.984
2.	Ground Plane length, Lg	31.024
3.	Patch width, W	21.68
4.	Patch length, L	17.84
5.	a	4.572
6.	b	4.572
7.	c	8.696
8.	d	3.184
9.	e	2.756
10.	f	6.368
11.	g	3.184
12.	h	4.572
13.	i	12.736
13.	j	4.572

#### III. MICROSTRIP HYBRID PATCH ANTENNA DESIGN

The proposed Microstrip Hybrid Patch antenna design is as shown in Figure 1. The antenna is built by single layer substrate with dielectric constant ( $\varepsilon_r = 2.2$ ) and thickness (t =1.524 mm).

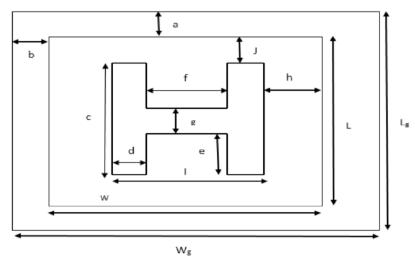


Figure 1: Geometry of Proposed Antenna (C-band)

#### A. Steps in Microstrip Hybrid Patch Antenna

The Steps followed in designing Microstrip Hybrid Patch antenna design operate at 5 GHz for various wideband applications are shown in Figure 2.

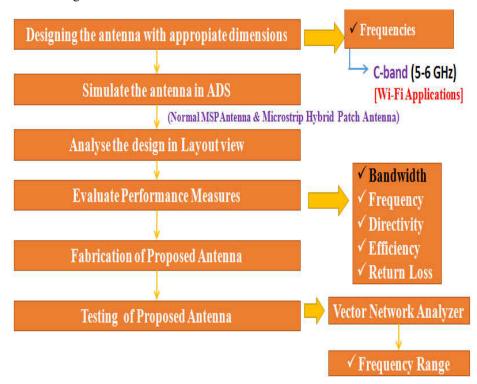


Figure 2: Steps followed in Hybrid Patch Antenna

# IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The designed microstrip hybrid patch antenna is analyzed by both Single layer substrate is shown in Figure 3.

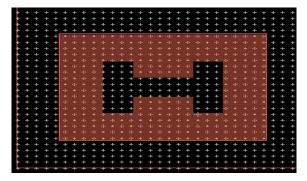


Figure 3: Microstrip Hybrid patch antenna

## A. Return loss and resonant frequency

The return loss and resonant frequency of single layer substrate is calculated as -23.459 dB and 4.898 GHz. The simulated result is shown in Figure 4.

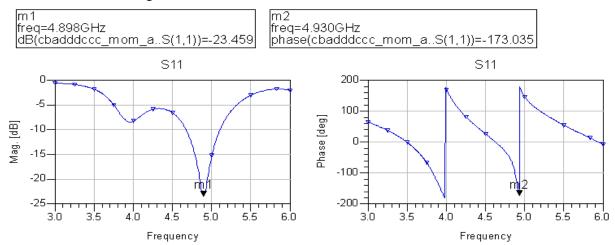


Figure 4: Momentum (S-Parameters) using Single Layer Substrate



Figure 5: Antenna Parameters using Single Layer Substrate

The Radiation Pattern of Single Layer Substrate is shown in Figure 6.

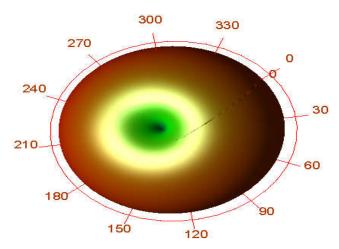


Figure 6: Radiation Pattern using Single Layer Substrate

# V. BANDWIDTH ENHANCEMENT ANALYSIS

The Bandwidth Enhancement analysis is defined as the difference between the highest frequency and lowest frequency. Highest Return Loss taken (up to 20 dB),

Table III: Performances Measures of Proposed Antenna	
Parameters	Single Layer Substrate
Frequency resonated	4.898 GHz
Return Loss	-23.459 dB
VSWR	1.836
Directivity	11.4703 dB
Gain	8.72897 dB
Bandwidth	4.4 GHz -5.4 GHz
	(1 GHz)

The Bandwidth Enhancement of Microstrip Hybrid Patch Antenna can be analyzed by Single layer substrate. The effect of bandwidth on Single layer substrate can be calculated as 1 GHz is shown in Table 3. The gain and resonant frequency of single layer substrate of Microstrip Hybrid Patch antenna is calculated as 8.72897 dB and 4.898 GHz.

## VI.CONCLUSION

A microstrip hybrid patch antenna has been designed by multidielectric slotted patch aimed to operate at 5 GHz and they are analyzed by Agilent ADS 2009 software. It is based on the rectangular patch antenna (slotted technique). Slotted technology is used to enhance the bandwidth of antenna by reducing the return loss. The enhance bandwidth of designed microstrip Hybrid Patch antenna is calculated as 1 GHz (4.4 GHz to 5.4 GHz). A hybrid multiband antenna was optimized to obtain a high performance. The gain of the antenna is 8.72897 dBi at 4.898 GHz frequency and VSWR< 2 or it is 1.836 with return loss -23.459 dBi. So, the antenna had an excellent performance of wide bandwidth that can be used as wideband applications such as missile, wireless, satellite, mobile communication and military purposes.

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